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#### ABSTRACT

Transactional dialogues and concomitance in syntactic and aesthetic ordering were studied in 32 deaf students during 12 weeks of art classes meeting three days a week for periods of 1 hour each. The dialogues were said to have accomplished a gradual take over of mind-to-mind communication in lieu of both authority and childing. Findings indicated that the five judges evaluating the students' art products made judgments highly correlated with each other as reported on the significant correlation matrix. A second finding was that both correlational analysis and analysis of variance showed significant relationships between art quality improvement and changes toward complexity in figure preference with positive changes in development of syntax as measured by the Stanford Achievement Test scales for word meaning, paragraph meaning, and arithmetic computation skills. The third finding was that a correlation existed in some instances among scores on the Welsh Pigure Preference Test art scale and low scores on art product judgments. (CB)



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Paper read at the National

Art Education Association Convention
in Dallas, Texas, April, 1971

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Note: Some of the first few pages of this report are taken directly from an article which I co-authored entitled, "Some Correlational Aspects of Performance On The Art Scale Of The WFFT Among Certain Variables In A Deaf Population," Journal of Experimental Education. (Vol. 39, Number 1, Fall, 1970.)

The paradigm upon which this correlational study was based is related to the way in which humans appear to organize syntax (including word meaning and paragraph meaning), and other inarticulate systems. Based on previous research by the author, there are some indicators which seem to suggest a complicated interconnection between these various ordering functions of the mind. The process of ve. balization -- that is the search for word-phase counterparts to experience -- appears to be related to the inarticulate ordering systems as an assimilating activity which seeks out the appropriate order and intent from ameng the possibilities available. The study of this process during the precommittal stages of ordering may provide a fruitful path into the study of the systems themselves and their illusive interconnections. In art, it is as though the act of manipulating pre-conscious alternatives increases the flexibility of the subject permitting him to perceive greater figural possibilities in the more ambiguous drawings. Just what this relationship is defies current analysis, but the data seems to indicate that both variables--verbal activity and figure preference--are dependent upon each other. It is known that the process of verbalization does indeed influence aesthetic behavior both in the act of art itself and in the subject's preference for figural stimuli. But whether or not the pre-conscious strategies which come into play before a syntactic commitment is made are similar to the pre-conscious strategies involved in aesthetic ordering is not known. Nor is it known whether the



stimulating of such pre-conscious strategies in one ordering system has a concomitant influence on the other systems.

Our working model suggests that such a concomitance might exist and that when subjects are permitted to verbalize about their own strategies they literally expand their time of pre-committal manipulation of alternatives. It is just this flexibility which may affect the quality of all inarticulate products. The indicators received from three previous studies suggest that this is apparently the sequence. In one study with hearing subjects there was a strong indication that such intrinsic verbal feedback had a positive influence on art production quality. A second experimental study suggested a similar relationship between the verbal feedback condition and figure preference although personality factors were involved in changes reported in the second study (3). The third study was a correlational study carried out with deaf subjects which apprared to corroborate the first two (4).

This paradigm is related to two basic observations about the non-verbal expression of experience.

First, in the essentially less-verbal world of the deaf rests, perhaps, some of the illusive answers to the "how" questions in learning. For if learning is to take place at all among deaf subjects, it must be pedagogically correct. The subtle and unknown methods by which hearing subjects learn can slip by the most conscientious researcher while he incorrectly assumes that what he is controlling in his experiments is responsible for the observed change. But the margin of error appears to be substantially reduced for the study of the less-verbal learner. If classroom pedagogy is inadequate in the hearing classroom, learning still



seems to take place. But, if classroom pedagogy is inadequate in the non-verbal classroom, learning simply does not occur at an appreciable rate.

A second point: the apparent relationship of the inarticulate nature of deaf learning to the inarticulate ordering function of the plastic arts, suggests that once we know the extent of this interaction, we may be in a position to discuss the larger questions of how aesthetic ordering relates to word meaning, concepts, syntax development and reading achievement. The benefits of such information appear obvious.

The aesthetic ordering function appears to be related to one of the earliest and perhaps most pregnant stages of the intellection process. For it is here that the greatest flexibility in the interpretation of experience can occur. Flexibility has been regularly cited as a quality or at least a primary influence on creative behavior (6,7,9,10). One of the distinctions between the artist and the non-artist isolated by empirical scales has been this same characteristic (7,10).

The work of Anton Ehrenzweig (5) related to the development of articulation suggests that the automatic assembly of visual and aural impulses from direct experience can be—indeed in art schools is—taught by eliminating the gestalt figural tendency through conscious effort toward flexible behavior. The art student is trained to reconsider—all at the inarticulate level—the numerous possibilities for his particular form metaphor.

One method by which this refinement is accomplished appears to be associated with verbal behavior. Once again the empirical cues suggest that the most verbal students or at least those who score higher on verbal scales of intelligence also see more possibilities in partially



articulated drawings or drawings which are not clearly defined or regular. In addition to this interconnection, it is becoming increasingly clear that planned verbal involvement in the art classroom has a positive influence on aesthetic growth (1,2,3,4). Indeed some language researchers suspect that the word, itself, (both inarticulate and articulate) as a symbolic device anables humans to categorize and synthesize real experience by permitting an abstract bridge between the rational and the irrational. The word as a symbolic function may be a closer relative to the aesthetic ordering processes than had been previously supposed. Luria suggested that the word did indeed serve such a function over and above its more obvious role of indicating objects (8).

of Experimental Education seemed to corroborate earlier findings as reported by the author in two different issues of Studies In Art Education where the relationship of both art production quality and preference for complex figures appeared to coincide with syntactic development. In all cases the attempt to expand pre-committal time for students appeared to have a positive influence on development in all of these ordering systems.

For the study herein reported a random sample of 32 students was selected of 4 sub groups or strata. The subdivision upon which this stratified sampling was obtained had been longstanding in the population of 92 high school age deaf students at the Pennsylvania School for the Deaf and was predicated upon performance tests, psychological set and the ability to communicate. For example, members of the "low" verbal group



characteristically had a meaningful vocabulary between 10 and 25 words.

Age, sex, degree of deafness and similar variables were not part of the criteria for classification. Class sizes varied from 10 to 15 students so our random sampling was buttressed by heaving sampling as well.

The experiment ran for a period of twelve weeks during the early part of 1970 (January into April) with art classes held three days per week for periods of one hour.

The motivations were video-taped and directed toward drawing activities. Every attempt was made to eliminate extraneous influences on the students by pre-recording each of the sessions on the video-tape. Students were then instructed by watching the playback and then beginning the drawing session. In this way, variations in instructor interpretations were eliminated.

To do this, a legal interpreter for the deaf was hired to accompany and translate while the author presented the lesson to the television camera. A total of 12 presentations were recorded dealing with specific facets of the drawing problem i.e.: line, value, cross-hatching, gesture, etc.

The instructors for the classes received training in the handling of the peer to peer transactional dialogues and they, in turn, instructed the stude is in this particular technique. Transactional dialogues were characterized by the personal talk of the maker of the drawing, (artistalthough I believe artist as a word is used catachrestically in these cases) with a specific peer partner input. As an example, one of the dialogues went as follows:



# (free translations from the interpreter)

Maker: "I am going to fill this up." (Pointing to an empty space in the upper right hand section of the paper.)

Peer: "How do you do that"? (Mind↔Mind transaction)

Maker: "Like he (instructor) wants." (This statement is a child↔ authority statement requiring a redirection input from the peer.)

Peer: "He is not going to grade you." (This response is not redirective but simply complements the maker's statement and is also a child authority statement.)

Maker: "That's what you say, but he will." (Child↔authority--there is still no awareness of personal responsibility toward his work.)

Peer: "What would you like to do?" (Mind↔Mind transaction which is redirective and requiring a response different from the child↔ authority base.)

Maker: "It doesn't matter. I can't draw anyway." (A child↔child transaction which requires redirection.)

Peer: "Most of us are in the same boat. You can do as well as me."

(This is a mind mind statement which appears to thinking and responsibility by attending to a child need while redirecting the transactional dialogue.)

What these dialogues accomplished is a gradual take over of mind mind transactions in lieu of both authority (which was very strongly implanted in these adolescents) and childing (which is a kind of reciprocal necessity when authority looms large). What was hoped to be gained by this treatment was a responsible atmosphere where students were literally minding their cwn business.

All students received training in the transactional dialogue technique and the conduct of the peer to peer interactions. It should be stated here, however, that this particular methodology for operating an art classroom was not under investigation in the analysis herein reported. A great deal was learned about the transactional technique during the



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course of twelve weeks and current plans are to empirically define and test the parameters of it. To satisfactorily accomplish this the author, a psychologist and a psychotherapist are taking conceptual steps toward the articulation of this process. But for the study defined here, transactional dialogues were introduced as an integral part of the art process to all of the subjects involved.

The attached data is herewith objectively presented along with a summary statement of results at the end.

But as a general summary one might be able to say that on the basis of this empirical study there appears to be concomitance in development across the ordering systems here defined as, word meaning, paragraph meaning, arithmetic computation, figure preferences and art quality.



The following readout sheet is not reporting correlation coefficients but is instead reporting the results of hypothesis testing as a result of the correlational analysis. Therefore significance can be read as any number which is 0.01 or less. The variables which are abbreviated with Jn, A-D represent judge ratings. As an example, J<sub>4</sub>C means the third (3rd) activity as judged by judge number 4. SAWM, SAPM and SAAC are measures from the Stanford Achievement Test.

The asterisks serve the same function as on the correlation matrix reported on page 9, i.e.: correlational significance between judges.

The negative percentages are due to the fact that a stanine distribution was used for judging (1 means high; 9 means low).

In some instances a correlation existed between scores on the WFPT art scale and the low scores on art products (signifying high quality) but this apparently was more true for the post-test than it was for the pre-test. Why such a discrepancy exists is unclear. For example, the correlation on the post-test of the art scale with the judgments of quality made by judge 2 was apparently nonexistent during the pre-test. It is as though the judges themselves were being trained toward a particular aesthetic.



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	Sex 2	-0.353 -0.916 0.689 0.000 0.863 -0.396 0.020 0.020 0.020 0.024 0.024 0.026 0.024 0.026 0.027 0.001 0.000 0.003 0.003 0.003 0.003
	Deafness 1	0.013 0.013 0.043 0.293 0.088 0.217 0.0217 0.034 0.034 0.034 0.037 0.325 0.767 0.325 0.781 0.464 0.503 0.464 0.503 0.464
	ш	22 22 30 30 30 30 30
		SEX JAA J1B J1C J1D J2B J2B J2C J2D J3A J3B J3A J3B J3A J3B J3C J3D J4B J4B J4B J4B J4C J4D J5C J5D J5C J5D J5C J5D SAAC SAAC SAAC SAAC SAAC SAAC SAAC SAA

continued)	
TABLE 1 (c	

15 B 20	0,000 0,000 0,000 -0,801 -0,371 -0,35 -0,168 -0,796 -0,854
در 10 19 م	0,000 0,000 0,000 -0,693 -0,257 -0,099 -0,071
ت 1 8 1 8	0.000 0.000 0.002 0.012 0.043 -0.556 0.071 0.652 0.368
علاد 17	0.002 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.382 -0.382 -0.790 -0.037 0.709
7 1 16 1 16 1 16 1 16 1 16 1 16 1 16 1	0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.241 -0.099 -0.193 -0.009
14 4 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	0,000 0,000 0,000 0,000 0,000 0,000 0,000 0,000 0,940 0,940 0,940
13 D	0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.265 0.620 0.827
13 13 13	0,004 0,000 0,000 0,000 0,000 0,000 0,000 0,000 0,000 0,000 0,000
л <sup>3</sup> в	0.000 0.001 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000
т <sup>3</sup> в 11	0.000 0.000 0.003 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000
	J3B 12 J3C 13 J3C 13 J4A 15 J4B 16 J4C 17 J4D 18 J5A 19 J5B 20 J5B 20 J5B 20 J5B 20 J5B 20 SAWN 25 SAWN 25 SAWN 25 SAWN 26 SAWN 28 SAWN 29 SAWN 29 SAWN 29 SAWN 29 SAWN 29 SAWN 29 SAWN 29

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SAPM 29	0.015
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SAAC Art Scale 26 27	0,000
26 26 Az	0,080 0,226 0,037 0,000
25	0.019 0.000 0.000 0.000
SAWM 24	0,000 0,000 0,035 0,000
Art Scale 23	0,000 0,000 0,000 0,000 0,000
3.5 D Ar.	-0,378 -0,575 -0,102 -0,540 -0,040 -0,255 -0,018
2. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7.	0.000 0.792 -0.414 -0.453 -0.116 -0.060
	22 23 24 25 25 27 27 30
	Art Scale Art Scale SAAC Art Scale Art Scale Art Scale SAMM

### Correlation Coefficients

The boxed area on the following page represents correlations among the judgments made by judges 1 and 2. Reading in the matrix one can determine the consistency with which this judge approached his decisions. For example, the judgments made by this judge seem less and less consistent as the experiment progressed. This inconsistency is explainable only in terms of the activities since the judges were unaware of which of the classes the products came from. Apparently the activities themselves became more ambiguous and more difficult to judge. (All of the judges were consistently inconsistent on the last project.)

The asterisks are placed in front of particular correlations to help identify how the first judgments of judge 1, for instance, correlated with the first judgments of the rest of the judges. The same procedure is used in columns 4, 5 and 6 (in column 6 we are viewing the correlations between judgments of the last art activity).

On the following pages the within judge correlations for judges 3, 4 and 5 are blocked into the readout.



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<sub>12</sub> р 10		0	0,5004 0,6050 0,4644	0.7090 0.6366 0.5279	0.5114 0.7222 0.5630	0,5308 0,4633 0,4721	0,1389 0,0768 0,2444	0.0163 -0.0574 0.1093 -0.0155
32°C		0.4981	0,8593 0,7820 0,8259	0.4450 0.5556 0.7731	0.6980	0,6689 0,6155 0,7717	-0.2838 -0.1612 -0.3769	-0,4789 -0,2707 -0,4507 -0,0119
д <mark>г</mark> в	. Դոզգթ 2	0.4998	0,8411 0,8105 0,7100	0,3356 0,5520 0,7143	0.6664	0,6503 0,6116 0,7213	-0,3418 -0,1603 -0,3535	-0.06/6 -0.5474 -0.3820 -0.4415 -0.1201
J2A		0.8363 0.8510 0.4710	0,8643 0,8215 0,7848	0.4794	0,3266	0,8412	-0,2290 -0,1511 -0,3861	-0.0089 -0.4720 -0.3413 -0.5317 -0.0096
J <sub>D</sub> 5	0 4520	0,4039 0,4049 0,3582 *0,7582	0.2447 0.5565 0.3606	*0,7779	0,5916 0,5916 *0,8853	0.5456 0.5371 0.5551	0.4135 0.2164 0.3355	0,0302 0,2591 -0,0532 0,0846
J. C. 5	0,5490							-0,0992 -0,4465 -0,4010 -0,4594 -0,1491
$\sigma_{ m 1}^{ m B}$	Judge 1 0.7854 0.3084	0.8831 *0.8145 0.7783	0,8633 *0,8115	0,3601 0,4717	*0,6691 0,6977 0,1629	0,5738 *0,6799 0,7246	0,8008 -0,2840 -0,0873 -0,4320	0,0074 -0,5130 -0,3266 -0,5046
J <sub>1</sub> A								3421 7617 4587 7042
Se x		22 23 33 33 33 33	1553	079 1980 1633	.0485 .1302 .5808	.0665 .0396		
Deafness 1	0.4331 0.4331 0.3603 0.1917 -0.3786	0.3064 0.2243 0.2315	.3777 .040	0.2955 -0.1323 -0.0546	0.2010 0.1798 -0.4038	0.0510 0.1341 0.1229	0.1307 -0.5703 -0.4240	-0.1728 -0.5843 -0.3170 -0.6424
. <b>T</b>	SEX 2 3 11A 3 4 11B 4 4 11C 5 6 17.0 6	2A 2B 2C	J2D 10 J3A 11 J3B 12	03C 13 03D 14			U5D 22 Scale 23	Scale
			1	<b>.</b>			Art SAWM	SAPM SAAC Art Sca D SAPM P SAAC

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TABLE

J4C 17

**J4A** 15

 $^{\rm J_3D}_{\rm 14}$ 

 $J_3^{C}$ 

Ј<sub>3</sub>В 12

J3A 11

							9	7979 0	0.5904	0.5316	0,4624	0,4413	0-1027	0090	0000.0	080T.0-	0,3233	0.0829	0.1647	0.000	F 770 - 0-	
					-		0.5321	0,6736	0.7159	0.7577	0,7433	-0,1598	00310-	2000	-0°2284	-0.0489	-0,3704	-0,1096	±0 351 £	40000	0,0000	
			לייד.	- Sanna		0.6827	0,4841	0,8587	0.8615	0,7233	0.7637	-0.2136	9066	0.22.00	-0.29/3	-0.2365	-0,4137	-0.2172	0.4523		-0,1131	
		•			0,6260	0.5252	0.5709	0,7085	0,6632	0,6876	0,5991	-0.0318	00000	-0.1289	0°0	-0.0626	-0,2229	0.0138	0 0	-U° 1307	0.1478	
				0,6351	0,5599	0,6873	0.8281	0.6650	0.6487	0.6509	0.5707	05050	0.000	-0.0721	0.0910	-0,1351	0.0437	71.00	#110.0	-0.0690	0,0402	
			0,4964	0,5303	0,6704	0,7095	0.2535	0,5425	0.6585	0.6773	0 7513	0.010	-0.5140	-0,1094	-0.4242	0,0444	-0. 5284	10100	-0.3070	-0.5106	0.0077	
Judge 3		0,8011	0,5419	0.5821	0.7350	0.6756	0,4300	0,6511	0.7593	7337	7887	#50/°O	-0,088/ -0,088/	-0.0367	-0,1995	-0,0909	-0.3170	0.00	-0.323/	-0,3203	-0,1342	
	3608.0	0.9108	0,3463	0,5132	0,7371	0.6832	0.1053	0.5822	0.6432	20 EO O	0.0404	U, /801	-0,4462	-0.2030	-0,5357	-0.0067	6199	100.00	-0.4328	-0.6194	-0.0466	
	12	13	14	15	16	17	; œ	9 6	1 6	3 5	T.7	77	23	24	25	26	1 6	7	<b>5</b> 8	53	30	
	J.B	J.C	Jab	TAA	14.	) C	14.0 C4.0	7 F		מנט מנט ו	၁ ဂ	35 <sub>D</sub>	Art Scale	C SAWM	Proposition	7440		Art Scale	S SAWM	SAPM	SAAC	

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SAWM 24		: • •	0,7365 0,6911 0,6212 0,3751 0,6656
Art Scale 23		0.6535	0.8466 0.4123 0.9376 0.5379 0.7407
J <sub>5D</sub> Art		-0.1611	-0,2943 -0,1126 -0,3654 -0,4178 -0,4992
J5C 21		0,8195 -0,0485 -0,1496	-0.1870 -0.1376 -0.2832 -0.3359 0.0419
75B 20 20	Judge 5	0,8958 0,8706 -0,0463 -0,1435	-0.1635 -0.1796 -0.2496 -0.0475 -0.2915
L ST O	0.8678		
	Ç	21 22 23 24 23	
		USD USC USD Art Scale	A SAPM SAPM SAAC Art Scale o SAPM SAMC SAAC

Required F score for between subject significance at the upper 1% level is 4.57 with 3/28 degrees of freedom.

In this case significance was achieved when the source of variance was between subjects. This means that changes observed over classes between subjects were significant.

The required  ${f F}$  score for within subject significance at the upper large level is 7.64 with 1/28 degrees of freedom.

Within subjects, as a source of variance, produced a significant F score of 16.659. Since this actually is based upon a decimal increase rather than a unit increase one must be careful in ascribing too much significance to it. The increase was actually in a range from a -.4 unit decrease to a 7.5 unit increase. Three of four classes varied little.

Nevertheless it is significant that a different rate of increase was observable between classes over a 12 week experimental period and that such increases seemed to parallel the increases described above.

TABLE 3
WFPT Art Scale

## ANALYSIS OF VARIANCE SUMMARY TABLE

Source	Sums of Squares	Mean Squares	Degrees of	Freedom F Ratio
Between Subjects	0.748605D 04	0.249535D 04	3	7.366
Error	0.948494D 04	0.338748D 03	28	•
Within Subjects	0.375391D 03	0.375391D 03	1	16.659
AJ Error	0.121172D 03 0.630938D 03	0.403906D 02 0.225335D 02	3 28	1.792

Corrected Total Sum of Squares = 0.180985D 05 Uncorrected Total Sum of Squares = 0.866770D 05



A required F score for between subject significance at the upper 1% level with 3/28 degrees of freedom is 4.57.

On this inter class analysis no significant difference was found between classes. This result was perhaps predictable since the reading levels of all of these classes are very low. Still the fact that one of the determinants in identifying class membership is reading ability, one might have expected different results in the paragraph meaning measure between classes.

Changes in paragraph meaning scores were generally about .4 to .6 of a unit over the initial scores. The initial score means were 2.3 to 4.7. Smallest changes were at the same time smallest scores.

The significance level of 22.717 is a very important change since it reflects an actual change in syntactic ability. The significance level required was 7.64.

TABLE 4

STANFORD ACHIEVEMENT TEST (Paragraph Meaning)

ANALYSIS OF VARIANCE SUMMARY TABLE

Source	Sums of Squares	Mean Squares	Degrees of Freedom	F Ratio
Between Subjects A Error	0.546730D 04 0.125633D 05	0.182243D 04 0.448690D 03	3 28	4.062
Within Subjects J AJ Error	0.425391D 03 0.579688D 01 0.524313D 03	0.425391D 03 0.193229D 01 0.187254D 02	1 3 28	22.717 0.103

Corrected Total Sum of Squares = 0.189861D 05 Uncorrected Total Sum of Squares = 0.123073D 06



The required F ratio for significance at the upper 1% level with 3/28 degrees of freedom is 4.57.

There is a significant difference between classes on scores on the Arithmetic Computation measure. This was anticipated. No significant differences could be found as a result of treatment.

TABLE 5
STANDARD ACHIEVEMENT TEST (Arithmetic Computation

# ANALYSIS OF VARIANCE SUMMARY TABLE

Source	Sums of Squares	Mean Squares	Degrees of Freedom	F Ratio
Between Subjects A Error	0.865780D 04 0.695031D 04	0.288593D 04 0.248225D 03	3 28	11.626
Within Subjects J AJ Error	0.135141D 03 0.579688D 01 0.172556D 04	0.135141D 03 0.193229D 01 0.616272D 02	1 3 28	2.193 0.031

Corrected Total Sum of Squares = 0.174746D 05 Uncorrected Total Sum of Squares = 0.153359D 06



### Summary of Findings

egis ( ) is sistem. Ekkelis kii kiikkii kiikkii kunnissi kun malkiin maani kiini kiikii ilii kiikii kii kiikii

- The five judges used in this study apparently made judgments which were highly correlated with each other over all art products as reported on the significant correlation matrix (Table 1). The actual correlation coefficients are reported in Table 2. One interesting aspect of these correlations is that all judges appeared to have grown consistently inconsistent toward the end of the twelve week experiment. Such a result must surely have stemmed from the nature of the activities themselves. As students were gradually weaned from authority dependence perhaps the products became weaned from the criteria based on that authority, and perhaps the judges themselves were being trained away from the authority base.
- indicate significant relationships between improvement in Art quality and changes toward complexity in figure preference with positive changes in the syntactic development as measured by the Stanford Achievement Test scales for word meaning, paragraph meaning and arithmetic computation skills. Variations within the transactional dialogic process should now be explored to determine more specific sources of variance since "art" in this case became a secondary vehicle for exploring the intrinsic feedback inherent in the treatment.

The one-to-one relationship between these ordering systems is not herein established due to the fact that the treatment could have been the responsible agent for any observed relational change.

C. In some instances a correlation existed between scores on the WFPT

Art Scale and the low scores on judgments of art products. (Low

was used; I represented high and 9 represented low). But this correlation was most often true for the post-test scores of the WFPT. Why this occurred is unclear. It is as though the judges were being trained toward a particular aesthetic during the course of judging the products.

#### Some Questions

- 1. If judgments are made of a group of products, which represent a particular orientation based on particular assignments, do the judges, by participation, empathetically became a part of that aesthetic?
- 2. Does Transactional Dialogue account for the variance observed or are these organizational factors triggered by using the "making of objects approach?
- 3. Would Transactional Dialogue techniques be effective in eliciting quality art production in normal hearing populations?
- 4. What is the relationship between syntactic development as measured by the Stanford Achievement Test and syntactic development as measured by judgments of word-phrase products?
- 5. What are some alternative methods by which one may approach the problem of expanding the pre-committal time needed to develop flexible thinking in art?





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